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## (2019) 02 CHH CK 0528

## **Chhattisgarh High Court**

Case No: Writ Petition (S) No. 896 Of 2012

Radhacharan Tiwari APPELLANT

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State Of Chhattisgarh And Ors RESPONDENT

Date of Decision: Feb. 28, 2019

Hon'ble Judges: Ajay Kumar Tripathi, CJ

Bench: Single Bench

Advocate: K.R. Nair, Veena Nair, Vinod Deshmukh, Jitendra Pali, Sanjay Agrawal

Final Decision: Allowed

## **Judgement**

Ajay Kumar Tripathi, CJ

- 1. Heard counsel for the parties.
- 2. By Annexure P/1 dated 28.01.2012, Petitioner was dismissed from service from the post of Revenue Inspector. The impugned order indicates that

since the Petitioner had obtained employment on the basis of fraud, therefore, such a decision was taken by the President-in-Council of the Nagar

Parishad, Jashpur.

3. The facts which emerge from the pleadings are that on 30.11.1995, Petitioner was given an appointment on compassionate ground as Sub-Inspector

(Revenue). He came to earn promotion on the post of Revenue Inspector on 06.10.2008 i.e. after almost 13 years. He was also made In-charge Chief

Municipal Officer some time in the year 2009 and then, came to be transferred from Jashpur to Chikhallakasa in the same capacity as In-charge Chief

Municipal Officer.

4. On 22.06.2011, the Deputy Director, Urban Administration and Development Department wrote a letter to the municipal authorities, a copy of

which is Annexure R/10 informing them that the Petitioner has obtained compassionate appointment when the said advantage had already been drawn

by his sister in the Municipality of Bhatapara. A direction was issued that he should be removed from service forthwith. A reminder thereafter came

to be issued on 04.01.2012 and on the basis of that reminder, on 20.01.2012 the President-in-Council took a decision by way of a resolution to remove

the Petitioner and within days, the impugned order (Annexure P/1) dated 28.01.2012 came to be passed, which is under challenge.

5. From the factual matrix, it is evident that the Petitioner was appointed against the sanctioned substantive vacant post. After almost 15 years of

service and having earned even promotion over a period of time, on the basis of a directive issued by the Deputy Director, Urban Administration and

Development Department on some inputs or complaints he may have received, the municipal authorities were directed to take action for removal. It is

the directive that became the basis for resolution by President-in-Council and then issuance of a notification of the removal.

6. Submission of the counsel for the Petitioner is that since the Petitioner was substantively appointed and merely because an allegation of fraud was

made against him, he did not lose his right of hearing and compliance of principle of natural justice, if not conduct of a regular departmental enquiry

with due opportunity and following the process and procedure. Only on the outcome thereof, a decision having serious consequence for the Petitioner

should have been taken. Such requirement is mandated in Employee Recruitment and Conditions of Service Rules, 1968 framed under the Municipality

Act, 1961and adopted by the State of Chhattisgarh.

7. The above factual position is not seriously disputed except for the stand taken on behalf of the Respondents-State and the Municipality that since it

is a case of fraud, therefore, the appointment was vitiated from the very threshold and therefore, no departmental enquiry is required as fraud vitiates

everything. In the alternative, it is argued that in the fact finding enquiry, he was given an opportunity but he chose not to participate in the said

enquirey and it was only on the basis of such evidence and material, action came to be taken.

8. In my opinion, merely because fraud is alleged, it does not take away the right of the person for hearing more so since he was holding a substantive

post. Holding of a departmental enquiry and giving him opportunity of hearing is a must order of dismissal or removal could not have been passed that

too against a person who was holding the post on substantive basis for more than 15 years on some inputs behind the back of the Petitioner.

9. Motivated applications or complaints are filed against the Government employees and therefore if certain inputs or complaints were received by the

authorities, it was all the more reason that the holder of a permanent post be given an opportunity by drawing a charge-sheet against him and holding

of a departmental enquiry and then on the basis of outcome thereof, appropriate punishment ought to have been imposed.

10. All the process and procedure seems to have been given a go bye. The dictates from the superior authority is received. A reminder is sent and

hardly thereafter, the President-in-Council took a resolution and that resolution converted into the order of dismissal from service contained in

## Annexure P/1.

11. I do not agree with the stand taken by the Respondents that since it is a case of fraud, the alleged action against the Petitioner was taken,

therefore, there was no need for any enquiry or opportunity of hearing. The opportunity so given by way of information to the Petitioner for joining the

fact finding enquiry will not meet the requirement of principle of natural justice since a full fledged departmental enquiry was required.

12. Since the Petitioner was holder of a civil post for a long long period of time, it is all the more necessary that the proper departmental enquiry should

have been held and thereafter only some order of punishment should have emerged on finding of guilt on the said enquiry if it emerged.

13. Since the process and procedure was not adopted by the Respondents, therefore, the impugned order dated 28.01.2012 contained in Annexure P/1

is quashed. The writ application is allowed. The Petitioner is ordered to be restored back in service with full benefits. However, the Court still leaves it

open to the authorities to hold a regular departmental enquiry and based on the outcome thereof, a fresh decision may be taken.