

(2008) 08 PAT CK 0173

Patna High Court

Case No: Criminal Miscellaneous No. 48741 of 2006

Gunanand Prasad @ Gunanand
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APPELLANT

Vs

State of Bihar and Another

RESPONDENT

Date of Decision: Aug. 20, 2008

Acts Referred:

- Essential Commodities (Bihar Amendment) Act, 1977 - Section 3, 7

Citation: (2009) 2 PLJR 515

Hon'ble Judges: Abhijit Sinha, J

Bench: Single Bench

Advocate: Ashok Kumar Mishra, for the Appellant; Jharkhandi Upadhaya for the State,
M/s S.N.P. Sinha and Reena Sinha for O.P., for the Respondent

Final Decision: Allowed

Judgement

@JUDGMENTTAG-ORDER

Abhijit Sinha, J.

The petitioner a dealer under the Public Distribution System has filed this application for quashing the malicious and fabricated prosecution through Rosera P.S. Case No. 104 of 2006 so far as it relates to the petitioner wherein allegation are made in respect of constituting offence u/s 7 of the Essential Commodities Act (hereinafter referred to as "the E.C. Act"). The prosecution case is based on the written information submitted by one Ghanshyam Mishra, impleaded herein as O.P. No. 2 which was to the effect inter alia that on 23.7.2006 at about 10.30 A.M. while he was going to the shop of the petitioner for purchasing kerosene oil he saw an unknown person carrying two jerrycans on his cycle containing 40 liters of kerosene oil in each and on the informant inquiring from him as to how he had procured the said oil, the cyclist attempted to conceal his identity and on the arrival of villagers, who have been named in the written information, and on pressure being applied by

them the said person disclosed his name as Vijay Kumar Lal who alongwith the jerrycans with the kerosene oil was later on handed over to the police with a request to take legal action.

2. It has been submitted on behalf of the petitioner that he being a dealer under the Public Distribution System is exempted from prosecution in view of the provisions of Clause 31(2) of the Bihar Trade Articles (Licenses Unification) Order, 1984, as he was deemed to be an agent of the Government and secondly that it had not been stated that as to what Order made u/s 3 of the E.C. Act had been violated.

3. There appears sufficient force in the arguments advanced by the learned counsel for the petitioner. A catena of decisions of this Court have held that dealers under the Public Distribution System are not amenable to prosecution in view of the provisions of Clause 31(2) of the Unification Order.

4. It has also been held by several decisions of this Court that Section 7 of the E.C. Act deals with the persons who contravene any Order made u/s 3 of the E.C. Act but if there is no contravention of any Order then no criminal case can be launched against that person. Admittedly, the informant in the written report does not state as to what Order made u/s 3 of the E.C. Act has been deemed to have been violated. Due regard being had to the facts and the circumstances of the case, the entire criminal prosecution amounts to an abuse of the process of the court. Accordingly, the entire criminal proceeding, so far as the petitioner is concerned, is hereby quashed and the application is allowed.